

Библиотека в школе

Биология

География

Дошкольное образование

Здоровье детей

Информатика

**Английский
язык**

№6/2005

Искусство

История

Литература

Математика

Начальная школа

Немецкий язык

Русский язык

Спорт в школе

Управление школой

Физика

Французский язык

Химия

Школьный психолог

YOU DIF BOYARSKAYA



Five-Minute Tests

Грамматические
и лексические задания
к урокам

БИБЛИОТЕЧКА «ПЕРВОГО СЕНТЯБРЯ»

Серия «Английский язык»

Выпуск 6

Юдифь Боярская

ПЯТИМИНУТНЫЕ ТЕСТЫ

**Грамматические и лексические
задания к урокам**

Москва

Чистые пруды

2005

ELEMENTARY

1. Use the right pronoun to complete the sentences.

1. Pete is ill. He asked me to hand in _____ paper.
2. Do you see that man? Do you know _____?
3. I don't recognize these boys. Have you ever met _____?
4. Ann, have you found the article? Have _____ translated _____?
5. My dog Rex is here. But where is _____ dog-collar?

Key: 1. his; 2. him; 3. them; 4. you, it; 5. his

2. Fill in the plural. (Запиши множественное число данных существительных.)

- | | | |
|-------------|---|-------|
| 1. a toy | — | _____ |
| 2. a baby | — | _____ |
| 3. a bus | — | _____ |
| 4. a watch | — | _____ |
| 5. a piano | — | _____ |
| 6. a photo | — | _____ |
| 7. a tomato | — | _____ |
| 8. a video | — | _____ |
| 9. a roof | — | _____ |
| 10. a leaf | — | _____ |

Key: 1. toys; 2. babies; 3. buses; 4. watches; 5. pianos; 6. photos; 7. tomatoes; 8. videos; 9. roofs; 10. leaves

3. Complete the sentences. Use one of these verbs in the present simple or past simple:

be (2) lose (2) go rain leave (2) see meet

1. Jim often _____ things. Yesterday he _____ his umbrella.
2. It _____ sunny today, but yesterday it _____ all day.
3. Last Sunday we _____ to the cinema. The film _____ boring.
4. Lisa usually _____ home at 8. Yesterday she _____ home at 8.15.
5. I _____ Nick yesterday. I _____ him on the way home.

Key: 1. loses, lost; 2. is, rained; 3. went, was; 4. leaves, left; 5. saw, met

4. Put in is/are/do/does.

1. Where ____ you from?
2. Where ____ Jane live?
3. ____ you like your new school?
4. Where ____ your textbook?
5. ____ you play any sports?
6. What time ____ the library close?
7. ____ you usually tired after your classes?
8. ____ your mother a lawyer?
9. ____ she know your phone number?
10. ____ her job boring?

Key: 1. are; 2. does; 3. Do; 4. is; 5. Do; 6. does; 7. Are; 8. Is; 9. Does; 10. Is

5. Choose the correct answer.

- Nick _____ the best runner.
A. he is B. do
C. is D. are
- What _____ doing now?
A. Ann is B. Ann
C. does Ann D. is Ann
- _____ to the swimming pool on your days off?
A. You usually go B. Do you go usually
C. Do you usually go D. Are you go
- Where _____ yesterday?
A. Ann did go B. did Ann go
C. Ann went D. was Ann go
- Where _____ next summer?
A. were you B. will you go
C. you will go D. are you go

Key: 1. C; 2. D; 3. C; 4. B; 5. B

6. Put the verb in the correct form – positive or negative.

0. Last weekend we went camping. But the weather was awful. We didn't enjoy our trip. (enjoy)

1. The sweater was too big for me. I _____ it. (buy)
2. The test wasn't very difficult. I _____ enough time to check my answers. (have)
3. I didn't want to go to school yesterday because I _____ ready for the test. (be)
4. He didn't want to tell the truth. He _____ a lie. (tell)
5. It was very cold yesterday and I _____ a cold. (catch)

Key: 1. didn't buy; 2. had; 3. wasn't; 4. told; 5. caught

7. Choose A, B, C or D to complete the text.

1. There are many different animals in the world. There are wild animals and domestic animals. They can be long-legged and short-legged...

- A. The elephant is bigger than the tiger.
- B. The giraffe eats leaves and grass.
- C. There are long-necked and short-necked animals.
- D. The monkey's tail is longer than the hare's.

2. After school Ann usually goes home. She has dinner and then _____. Then she takes her dog for a walk.

- A. did her homework
- B. is hungry and thirsty
- C. telephoned her friends
- D. does her homework

3. There are many different countries in the world – for example, _____. Some countries are large, but others are not.

- A. I'd like to visit them
- B. they are very interesting
- C. warm countries and cold countries
- D. the earth is full of wonders

4. Tim is a very nice boy. He is always friendly and kind. He has a lot of friends. _____.

- A. He has got a dog.
- B. He always helps them if they need it.
- C. Tim lives in a big house.
- D. He hasn't a sweet tooth.

Key: 1. C; 2. D; 3. C; 4. B

8. Look at the plan of Green Street. Read the text. Write on the houses in the plan the name of the child who lives there.

School					Cinema
--------	--	--	--	--	--------

Tina lives in the house next to the cinema.

On the other end of the street next to the school lives Hugh.

Tina and Hugh are very good friends and often play together.

Tina's next door neighbour is Ann.

Alex lives between Hugh and Ann.

Key:

School	Hugh	Alex	Ann	Tina	Cinema
--------	------	------	-----	------	--------

9. Read the story and write whose pets they are and what they can do.

Jane, Jack, Dan and Ted are pet lovers. Jane would like to have a hamster, but her mother is afraid of hamsters. Instead, Jane has a parrot. Her parrot is a real chatterbox. Jack always says that he would like to have a horse. He can't keep a horse as a pet. He has got a dog – Diamond. When he comes home from school Diamond brings his slippers to him. Dan has got a parrot. His parrot can't talk, he can sing. Ted has got a cat. The cat teaches her kittens how to hunt mice.

Kitty's puppy can give his paw.

Jane's _____

Jack's _____

Dan's _____

Ted's _____

Key: Jane's parrot can talk. Jack's dog can bring slippers. Dan's parrot can sing. Ted's cat can hunt mice

10. There are 10 mistakes in Ann's story. Find them and correct.

My doll is the beautifullest doll in a world. She have got big blue ears. Her hairs are long and yellow. She can to walk and talk. I think my doll is nice that Ann' doll. Her clothes is very smart. She is wearing a pink dress, white tights and black shoes.

Key: 1. the most beautiful; 2. in the world; 3. has got; 4. blue eyes; 5. hair is; 6. can walk; 7. nicer; 8. than; 9. Ann's; 10. clothes are

INTERMEDIATE

1. Use article "to" where necessary to complete the sentences.

1. Our teacher wants us ____ speak English fluently.
2. They let us ____ use dictionaries during the exam.
3. Her parents wouldn't allow her ____ miss her classes.
4. The teacher asked Kate ____ read the text once more with the right intonation.
5. He was not allowed ____ drive a car.
6. Did you hear Lena ____ speak English with Americans?
7. Will you let me ____ go to the cinema?
8. I'd like you ____ be more serious and attentive.
9. We didn't expect him ____ make off with the money.
10. We would like them ____ make up for their bad behaviour.

Key: 1. to; 2. -; 3. to; 4. to; 5. to; 6. -; 7. -; 8. to; 9. to; 10. to

2. Complete the text using these words:

communicate	important	way
common	written	

English plays an (1)_____ part in a teenager's world; it is the dominant language in youth style and it is one (2)_____ in which teenagers across the world can (3)_____ with each other and share a (4)_____ culture. The existence of graffiti (5)_____ in English in so many countries is one example of this idea.

Key: 1. important; 2. way; 3. communicate; 4. common; 5. written

3. Open the brackets in if/when clauses.

1. I can tell Jim about it if I (to see) him.
2. If I (to get) any news, I (to find) you.
3. Hurry up! If you (not to catch) a taxi, you (not to meet) them at the station.
4. Call for an ambulance, if you (not to feel) better.
5. Your parents (to worry), if you (not to phone) them.

Key:

1. I can tell Jim about it if I see him.
2. If I get any news, I'll find you.
3. Hurry up! If you don't catch a taxi, you won't meet them at the station.
4. Call for an ambulance, if you don't feel better.
5. Your parents will worry, if you don't phone them.

4. Which answers are right? (For some questions more than one alternative is possible.)

1. Would you like a cup of coffee?
A. Yes, I do. C. Yes, please.
B. I'd love one. D. No, thanks.
2. It wasn't a bad weekend, was it?
A. Yes, it was. C. No, it wasn't.
B. No, it was. D. Yes, it wasn't.
3. Can I give you a lift?
A. Yes, you can. C. Yes, of course.
B. Yes, please. D. Yes, you may.
4. Would you wait half an hour, please?
A. Yes, please. C. Yes, I would.
B. All right. D. No, I can't.
5. Will you be here tomorrow?
A. No, I won't. C. No, I'm not.
B. I expect so. D. I don't expect so.

Key: 1. B, C, D; 2. A, C; 3. A, B, C; 4. B, D; 5. A, B, D

5. Are the underlined degrees of comparison right or wrong? Correct them where necessary.

1. It's the most sharp pencil I have.
2. Soon it will begin to get more colder.
3. My house is the furthest from the station.
4. For farther information, see page 3.
5. Where's the nearest shop?
6. My uncle is the eldest member of my family.
7. Pete is my better friend.
8. This vase is less beautiful than that one.
9. What is the most latest news?
10. She is one of the nicest people I know.

Key: 1. wrong: the sharpest; 2. wrong: colder; 3. right; 4. wrong: further; 5. right; 6. wrong: the oldest; 7. wrong: best; 8. right; 9. wrong: the latest; 10. right

6. Put in the where necessary.

1. I don't think that _____ life has changed a lot in the last year.
2. Have you been to _____ Netherlands or _____ Switzerland?
3. I couldn't survive without _____ music.
4. _____ English people I know are very friendly.
5. People must protect _____ environment.
6. You've made _____ same mistakes as Kate.
7. Have you got these jeans in _____ size 34?
8. I often go to _____ cinema.
9. What's _____ capital of _____ Dominican Republic?
10. Do you know _____ Professor Wilson's e-mail?

Key: 1. –; 2. the, –; 3. –; 4. The; 5. the; 6. the; 7. –; 8. the; 9. the, the; 10. –

7. Find the missing information (?). Write questions.

0. ? spends a lot of time online.
Who spends a lot of time online?

1. There are ? on the table.

2. It is ? mobile phone.

3. I met ? on my way home.

4. ? bought a new DVD player.

5. We had to do?

Key:

1. What is there on the table?
2. Whose mobile phone is it?
3. Who did you meet on your way home?
4. Who bought a new DVD player?
5. What did you have to do?

8. Put in few/a few/little/a little.

1. Would you mind if I ask you _____ questions about your journey?
2. At his new school he met _____ students whom he knew well.
3. My mother knows _____ French, so she can't help me with this article.
4. They are always quarrelling. They both have _____ patience.
5. I have _____ money. I can't pay for the Internet right now.
6. He gave us _____ advice and we followed it.
7. She passed her exams. I think she has _____ free time now.
8. I can't make up my mind right now. I need _____ time to think.
9. Listen carefully! I'm going to give you _____ useful information.
10. Could you spare _____ minutes?

Key: 1. a few; 2. few/a few; 3. little; 4. little; 5. little; 6. a little; 7. a little; 8. a little; 9. a little; 10. a few

9. Write the conversation with the correct punctuation.

Kate is talking to her friend Ann.

sorry i forgot to call you never mind it was not important honestly

Kate: Sorry _____

Ann: _____

Key:

Kate: Sorry, I forgot to call you.

Ann: Never mind. It was not important, honestly.

10. Put in used to or used.

1. He _____ play tennis a lot, but he doesn't play very often now.
2. He _____ my notes to prepare for Psychology.
3. They _____ miss classes, but they prefer not to do it these days.
4. There _____ be a bookshop near our school, but it closed a long time ago.
5. She _____ her imagination to write a fairy tale.

Key: 1. used to; 2. used; 3. used to; 4. used to; 5. used

11. Put in use to or use.

1. Did you _____ eat a lot of sweets?
2. Did you _____ the Internet to prepare your report?
3. Did you _____ travel a lot?
4. Did you _____ sleep late?
5. Did you _____ your old notes to write your essay?

Key: 1. use to; 2. use; 3. use to; 4. use to; 5. use

12. Put in prepositions where necessary.

1. People buy presents _____ Christmas.
2. They opened their presents _____ Christmas morning and were happy _____ what they got.
3. He got this job _____ last February.
4. They rushed to the door _____ the same time.
5. We are leaving _____ next Friday.

Key: 1. at/for; 2. on, with; 3. –; 4. at; 5. –

13. How well do you know English traditions?

1. English and American people often make _____ – they are promises for the New Year.
2. In Britain, the day after Christmas is _____.
3. In Scotland the first visitor who comes into a house on New Year's morning is “_____”. The Scots believe that if this visitor is a man (or a boy), not a woman, and has dark hair, he brings luck to the family for the New Year.
4. The Scottish people call _____ “Hogmanay”.
5. Santa Claus is supposed to visit each house on Christmas Eve by climbing down the _____.

Key: 1. New Year's Resolutions; 2. Boxing Day; 3. the First Foot; 4. New Year's Eve; 5. chimney

14. In each sentence below there is at least one mistake with the verb. Correct the sentences.

1. I am not go to school every day.

2. Go you to the cinema on Saturday?

3. Ann like go to the theatre.

4. Are you want to watch TV?

5. John can't go for a walk. He must to do his homework.

Key:

1. I do not go to school every day.
2. Will you go to the cinema on Saturday?
3. Ann likes to go (going) to the theatre.
4. Do you want to watch TV?
5. He must do his homework.

15. Complete the text using these words:

outdoor sandwiches never castle place

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II was born in April 1926 in London. Her favourite (1)_____ is Scotland, Windsor (2)_____. Her favourite food is fish, high tea, cucumber (3)_____ and cake. Her favourite drink is tea. She likes sports, riding, driving and (4)_____ life. She dislikes coffee, sea voyages, cricket and tennis. She (5)_____ criticizes her children.

Key: 1. place; 2. Castle; 3. sandwiches; 4. outdoor; 5. never

16. Complete these sentences using either the singular or plural forms (or both) of the verbs in brackets.

1. Fashionable clothes (be) very expensive.
2. The police (have) arrested him.
3. Last summer his family (be) in the country.
4. The government (have) solved this problem.
5. Our basketball team (be) not going to lose the game.

Key: 1. are; 2. have; 3. was; 4. has/have; 5. is

17. Complete each sentence using the best adverb.

0. Sue is a very bad singer. She sings badly.
1. Our teacher is very quiet. She speaks _____.
2. Tim is a good swimmer. Tim swims _____.
3. My father is a careful driver. He drives _____.
4. He is seldom very angry. He seldom speaks to me _____.
5. He is a quick runner. He runs _____.

Key: 1. quietly; 2. well; 3. carefully; 4. angrily; 5. quickly

18. Complete the table. Be careful. Some adverbs are irregular.

Adjective	Adverb
slow	
quiet	
careful	
sudden	
bad	
good	
hard	
fast	
late	
early	

Key:

Adjective	Adverb
slow	slowly
quiet	quietly
careful	carefully
sudden	suddenly
bad	badly
good	well
hard	hard
fast	fast
late	late, lately
early	early

19. Right or wrong adverb usage?

1. Sue can spend money wisely. ____
2. She studies English hardly. ____
3. She seldom goes to bed lately. ____
4. She can run fast. ____
5. She understands her English teacher perfectly. ____

Key: 1. right; 2. wrong (hard); 3. wrong (late); 4. right; 5. right

20. Fill in every day of your diary with activities in London.

Sunday have had a boat trip on the Thames	Thursday
Monday	Friday
Tuesday	Saturday
Wednesday	

21. Which is right?

1. I feel nervous/nervously. ____
2. She works hard/hardly. ____
3. It's raining heavy/heavily. ____
4. He drives dangerous/dangerously. ____
5. These flowers look beautiful/beautifully. ____

Key: 1. nervous; 2. hard; 3. heavily; 4. dangerously; 5. beautiful

22. Choose the verbs in the correct form.

1. My mother _____ to change her job.
A. goes B. is going C. will go
2. Look at him! He _____ soup.
A. eats B. is going to C. is eating
3. He _____ an interview last week.
A. gave B. is giving C. will give
4. Her elder brother usually _____ books on history.
A. reading B. will read C. reads
5. They _____ in the student exchange next year.
A. will take part B. took part C. taking part

Key: 1. B; 2. C; 3. A; 4. C; 5. A

23. Put in have/do/does/are/can

1. _____ you ever lost friends?
2. _____ you like to be popular?
3. _____ you worried about your grades?
4. _____ your teacher often criticize your homework?
5. _____ you concentrate when it's noisy in your classroom?

Key: 1. Have; 2. Do; 3. Are; 4. Does; 5. Can

24. Choose the correct word.

1. She isn't interesting/interested in computer games.
2. The novel was quite exciting/excited.
3. Everybody was shocking/shocked.
4. I was really amazing/amazed when I was given a "five".
5. Are you satisfying/satisfied with your job?

Key: 1. interested; 2. exciting; 3. shocked; 4. amazed; 5. satisfied

25. Put this conversation in the correct order.

- _a ()__ Yes, please. That's really nice of you.
_b ()__ Well, I'm a bit stressed. It's my first day here and everything's going wrong.
_c (1)__ What's the matter?
_d ()__ Well, can I help you? Would you like me to post those letters for you?
_e ()__ That's all right.

Key: 1. c; 2. b; 3. d; 4. a; 5. e

26. Write the conversation with the correct punctuation.

Harry is talking to his friend Louise.

sorry i m late the traffic was terrible well w
h y d i d n t y o u l e a v e e a r l i e r i t s t y p i c a l o f y o u o
k o k i m s o r r y w h a t m o r e c a n i s a y n o t h i n g . . .

Harry: Sorry _____

Louise: _____

Harry: _____

Louise: _____

Key:

Harry: Sorry, I'm late. The traffic was terrible!

Louise: Well, why didn't you leave earlier? It's typical of you.

Harry: OK, OK, I'm sorry. What more can I say?

Louise: Nothing...

27. Complete the following sentences using the correct form of make or do.

1. Do you know what discovery Newton _____?
2. My mother always _____ tasty cakes.
3. You should _____ an effort to finish your work in time.
4. Try and _____ your best!
5. Will you _____ the washing?

Key: 1. made; 2. makes; 3. make; 4. do; 5. do

28. Are these words used with the verb make or do?

changes a month course

a suggestion a mistake a decision

an appointment discovery

business a phone call friends a promise an experiment

make	do
changes	a month course

Key:

make	do
changes	a month course
a suggestion	business
a mistake	an experiment
a decision	
an appointment	
a discovery	
a phone call	
friends	
a promise	

29. Complete the table by adding the correct noun or verb.

verb	noun
laugh	
	complaint
choose	
	advice
suggest	

Key:

verb	noun
laugh	laughter
complain	complaint
choose	choice
advise	advice
suggest	suggestion

30. Complete the table below by adding the correct noun or adjective.

noun	adjective
	different
medicine	
	famous
danger	
	angry
	safe
	political
stress	
truth	
	independent

Key:

noun	adjective
difference	different
medicine	medical
fame	famous
danger	dangerous
anger	angry
safe	safety
politics	political
stress	stressful
true	truth
independence	independent

31. Fill in the blanks with the past simple of the correct verbs from the list.

come be break eat have

Yesterday Math class (1)_____ terrible. All the pupils (2)_____ to school without their homework done. All of them (3)_____ excuses. Some excuses were silly. For example, Frank said that his dog (4)_____ his exercise book. Some excuses were very serious: Vicky (5)_____ her arm.

Key: 1. was; 2. came; 3. had; 4. ate; 5. broke

32. Read this text and think of the word which best fits each space. Use only one word in each space.

Pubs

(1)_____ company and conversation the English go to the “pub”. The pub (2)_____ the place where you meet people. You get to know other “regulars”, you buy drinks for (3)_____ and they buy drinks for you. You talk about the weather or how the English cricket players are doing in the match (4)_____ Australia, about football, or about Parliament. Most pubs have a piano and (5)_____ Saturday night the customers often sit around it and sing.

Key: 1. For; 2. is; 3. them; 4. against; 5. on

33. Write questions with How long does (did/will) it take...?

0. (I usually go by train from Moscow to St. Petersburg.)
How long does it take by train from Moscow to St. Petersburg?
1. (I'll learn to drive.)
_____ you _____
2. (They wrote a test last week.)

3. (Nick found a part-time job the other day.)

4. (She usually walks to school.)

5. (She did the ironing.)

Key:

1. How long will it take you to learn to drive?
2. How long did it take them to write a test last week?
3. How long did it take him to find a part-time job?
4. How long does it take her to walk to school?
5. How long did it take her to do the ironing?

34. Make up sentences.

1. hasn't reading she finished the book part yet first of

2. many already we seen interesting have places

3. years this has bike had for he three

4. known each have other since we in were school

5. very Linda studied term this hard hasn't

Key:

1. She hasn't finished reading the first part of the book yet.
2. We have already seen many interesting places.
3. He has had this bike for three years.
4. We have known each other since we were in school.
5. Linda hasn't studied very hard this term.

35. Complete the sentences with a preposition if necessary.

Dear Mum and Dad,

Here I am in the Scottish Highlands. It's great. We're staying (1)_____ a Youth Hostel and we go (2)_____ trips every day. Tomorrow we're visiting Doune Castle. It's close (3)_____ the village of Doune. From the castle we're cycling (4)_____ south and then (5)_____ west along the Flanders Mass.

Key: 1. in; 2. on; 3. to; 4. –; 5. –

36. Put questions to the underlined words.

1. She speaks English perfectly.

2. My little sisters are very noisy.

3. She is an experienced teacher.

4. They are late every morning.

5. They go to school by bus.

Key:

1. How well does she speak English?
2. Who is/are very noisy?
3. What kind of teacher is she?
4. Who is late every morning?
5. How do they go to school?

37. Put the sentences in the correct order to make the conversation.

- a) – Oh? What was it like?
- b) – We enjoyed ourselves very much. We just lay on the beach all day.
- c) – Did you have a good holiday?
- d) – It was all right, thank you. We went to Spain.
- e) – Well, you are certainly looking brown.

Key: 1. c; 2. d; 3. a; 4. b; 5. e

38. Complete the table to practise passive structures.

Tense	Active	Passive
Present Simple		English is spoken in India.
	They learnt a lot of new words.	
		The article won't be translated.

Key:

Tense	Active	Passive
Present Simple	They speak English in India.	English is spoken in India.
Past Simple	They learnt a lot of new words.	A lot of new words were learnt.
Future Simple	They won't translate the article.	The article won't be translated.

39. Rewrite the following sentences using compound adjectives.

0. The trip lasted three days. It was a three-day trip.

1. I got my salary for two weeks. It is my _____.
2. The dress costs ninety dollars. It is _____.
3. I walk to school. It takes me 10 minutes to walk there. It is _____.
4. The girl is five years old. She is _____.
5. The voyage lasted two weeks. It was _____.

Key: 1. two-week salary; 2. a ninety-dollar dress; 3. a ten-minute walk; 4. a five-year-old girl; 5. a two-week voyage

40. Match the spoken words (1–10) to the reported words (a–j).

- | | |
|-------------------|---|
| 1. today | a) there |
| 2. tomorrow | b) the day before |
| 3. yesterday | c) the next day |
| 4. here | d) his or her |
| 5. my | e) that day |
| 6. now | f) the following week/year (or the next year) |
| 7. last week/year | g) that or the |
| 8. next week/year | h) before that (or the previous day) |
| 9. this | i) then (or at that moment) |
| 10. ago | j) the week/year before |

Key: 1. e; 2. c; 3. b; 4. a; 5. d; 6. i; 7. j; 8. f; 9. g; 10. h

41. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of say or tell.

1. I'll never _____ you the truth.
2. I saw them yesterday, but they _____ me nothing about it.
3. Don't _____ anything to anyone.
4. What did he _____ to the police?
5. She _____ goodbye and left.

Key: 1. tell; 2. told; 3. say; 4. say; 5. said

42. Ask your friend about his/her summer holiday. Various answer are possible.

1. Where _____
2. How _____
3. What _____
4. Why _____
5. Who _____

Key. For example:

1. Where did you spend your holiday?
2. How long did the journey take?
3. What was it like?
4. Why aren't you looking brown?
5. Who advised you to go there?

43. How well do you understand grammar?

1. Which tense do we use to talk about habits? _____
2. Which tense do we use to talk about general truths and facts? _____
3. Which tense do we use with phrases like "twice a week"? _____
4. Do modal verbs change for person? Yes/No
5. Do modal verbs have an infinitive? Yes/No

Key: 1., 2., 3. Present Simple; 4., 5. No

44. How well do you understand grammar?

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Which is correct? | My train will leave in an hour. /
My train leaves in an hour. |
| 2. Which is correct? | I'll tell Ann when I see her. /
I'll tell Ann when I'll see her. |
| 3. Which of these is a regular verb? | sing/prefer/get |
| 4. Which is correct? | He owns two horses. / He is owning
two horses. |
| 5. Is this sentence correct? | I am seeing the reporter tomorrow
morning. Yes./No. |

Key: 1. My train leaves in an hour.; 2. I'll tell Ann when I see her.; 3. prefer;
4. He owns two horses.; 5. Yes.

ADVANCED

1. *Present Simple or Present Perfect?*

English (1) (creep) into everyday use in many countries alongside their own language. Many English (or American) words (2) (be) in common use: *cool*, *sorry*, *OK* and so on. In France, where the older generation (3) (object) to the influence of English, they (4) (give) this phenomenon a name, “Franglias” and in Latin America they (5) (talk) of “Spanglish”.

Key: 1. has crept; 2. are; 3. objects; 4. have given; 5. talk

2. *Complete the sentences with on or in.*

1. What's your mark _____ Chemistry?
2. Do you have extra classes _____ Math?
3. I've read a lot of articles _____ this subject.
4. Who gives your classes _____ English?
5. Could you give me your notes _____ England?

Key: 1. in; 2. in; 3. on; 4. in; 5. on

3. *Complete the text using these words:*

high-quality any increase carefully multi-media

We live in a (1) _____ society. How does the Internet affect our lives? It can be very helpful to people who (2) _____ choose websites that they visit. The Internet can (3) _____ our knowledge of the outside world: there is much (4) _____ information that can help us understand many fields of study. In this global network you can find (5) _____ information in a few minutes.

Key: 1. multi-media; 2. carefully; 3. increase; 4. high-quality; 5. any

4. Fill the gaps using so or such.

1. You are _____ impatient.
2. It is _____ a high temperature. I'm worried.
3. She is _____ crazy about pop music.
4. They are _____ good friends.
5. Today there is _____ nasty weather.
6. The box is _____ heavy.
7. The jeans are _____ dirty.
8. You are _____ absent-minded.
9. They are in _____ a bad mood.
10. She is _____ an emotional girl.

Key: 1. so; 2. such; 3. so; 4. such; 5. such; 6. so; 7. so; 8. so; 9. such; 10. such

5. Complete these sentences using the correct future form of the verbs in brackets.

1. Be careful! It looks like that ladder _____ (fall down).
2. Your train _____ (arrive) in Athens at nine o'clock.
3. I _____ (clean) the floors if you help me with cooking dinner.
4. _____ (do) anything special on Sunday at 2 o'clock?
5. Don't worry! I _____ (send) this e-mail later.

Key: 1. is going to fall down/will fall down; 2. arrives/will arrive; 3. will clean; 4. Are you doing; 5. will send

6. Find a proper definition.

1. loan
 2. negotiate
 3. objective
 4. hire
 5. collaborate
-
- a) to try to come to an agreement with another person
 - b) money that has been lent
 - c) a business aim
 - d) to work together with others
 - e) to obtain the temporary use of by paying a rental fee

Key: 1. b; 2. a; 3. c; 4. e; 5. d

7. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each space. Use only one word in each space.

5 November 1605

The fifth of November is notorious (0) as the day a group of fanatics tried to blow (1) _____ the Houses of Parliament in 1605. (2) _____ the conspirators was Guido Fawkes, whose name (3) _____ since been taken to commemorate (4) _____ attempt. Guy Fawkes' or Bonfire Night is now marked with bonfires and fireworks (5) _____ the country.

Key: 1. up; 2. Among; 3. has; 4. the; 5. across

8. Open the brackets.

James Bond

Spy 007 (1. to work) for the British Secret Service since 1953 when Ian Fleming first (2. to write) about him in *Casino Royale*. Fleming (3. to be) now dead, but the spy still (4. to live) on. The first film (5. to be) *Dr No* in 1962 and since then he (6. to appear) in over twenty films. Since the Cold War (7. to end), Bond's enemies (8. not to be) Russians anymore, but there (9. to be) still plenty of bad people out there! Columbia, the film's producer, recently (10. to finish) filming spy 007's latest adventure.

Key: 1. has been working; 2. wrote; 3. is; 4. lives; 5. was; 6. has appeared; 7. has ended; 8. are not; 9. are; 10. has finished

9. Use the word given in capitals at the end of each line to form a word that fits the space in the same line.

- | | |
|--|-----------------|
| 1. This site uses a _____ way of searching the Internet. | DIFFER |
| 2. We need a new department of _____ to direct our work. | GOVERN |
| 3. He always sounds more _____ than he feels. | CONFIDENCE |
| 4. You can't be a teacher – you are very _____. | PATIENCE (neg.) |
| 5. Brains are supposed to be good at remembering the _____ between lots of different things. | RELATE |

Key: 1. different; 2. government; 3. confident; 4. impatient; 5. relationships

10. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Don't change the word given. You must use between two and five words.

1. "They are the most helpful people I've ever met." (never)
He told us he _____ such helpful people before.
2. "Can you give me a piece of advice?" (could)
He asked me _____ a piece of advice.
3. "Do you know that girl?" (knew)
Ann asked me _____ that girl.
4. "When did you have a break?" (had)
He wondered _____ a break.
5. "Has he gone?" (whether)
He wanted to know _____.

Key: 1. had never met; 2. if I could give him; 3. if I knew; 4. when (we) had had; 5. whether he had gone

11. Choose the correct word A, B, C or D to complete these sentences.

1. Is there any _____ to fear that cloning will lead to a nightmarish world?
A. reason B. goal
C. aim D. purpose
2. We need to do more to protect the _____.
A. environment B. nature
C. ecology D. global
3. Plato was the first to _____ the lost city of Atlantis.
A. compose B. write
C. describe D. publish
4. What do you _____ when you talk about intelligence?
A. seem B. want
C. describe D. mean
5. Does your father _____ more in his job than your mother?
A. afford B. adore
C. win D. earn

Key: 1. A; 2. A; 3. C; 4. D; 5. D

12. Complete each sentence so that the meaning is similar to the first sentence.

0. Of course, I can give you a hand.
He promised to give me a hand.
1. We were surprised that he turned up at the party.
Nobody expected _____.
2. Her parents forbid her to go there.
Her parents don't let _____.
3. What causes you to feel so tired?
What makes _____?
4. My parents insisted and I was forced to phone Ann with excuses.
My parents made _____.
5. I knew that he didn't allow anybody to use his computer.
I was told that he wouldn't let _____.

Key:

1. Nobody expected him to turn up at the party.
2. Her parents don't let her go there.
3. What makes you feel so tired?
4. My parents made me phone Ann with excuses.
5. I was told that he wouldn't let anybody use his computer.

13. Complete the text with the following verbs in the correct form.

follow punish refuse support object

The Pilgrims were people of England who (1)_____ to the relationship with God and religious services used in the Church of England. King James (2)_____ all who (3)_____ to (4)_____ the laws and traditions of the Church of England and to give money (5)_____ it.

Key: 1. objected; 2. punished; 3. refused; 4. follow; 5. to support

14. Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the word in capitals.

1. We will know their _____ next week. DECIDE
2. His life is very _____ at times. STRESS
3. Clothes can tell the world about our _____. PERSON
4. Some people _____ in the supernatural. BELIEVE
5. Cars cause a lot of _____. POLLUTE

Key: 1. decision; 2. stressful; 3. personality; 4. believe; 5. pollution

15. Complete these sentences using the correct form of one of the phrasal verbs in each space.

count on come up with put on take to get by

1. It didn't take her long _____ a very convincing example.
2. They can _____ their classmates for support.
3. Our group decided _____ a play at school.
4. I didn't think I would _____ his film, but I did.
5. If I don't find a job that pays more, we _____.

Key: 1. to come up with; 2. count on; 3. to put on; 4. take to; 5. won't get by

16. Read the text and complete the sentences below.

Mary's first thought on receiving the invitation to the school reunion was to ignore it. But then she changed her mind and decided to meet up with her former schoolmates.

She hardly recognized John when he came up to her. They danced, and he asked her out. Soon they found they had fallen in love.

Wasn't it lucky she didn't ignore the invitation and met her future husband?

1. If Mary _____, she wouldn't have thought about her old schoolmates.
2. If John hadn't come up to her, she _____.
3. If she hadn't danced with him, he _____.
4. If he _____, they wouldn't have fallen in love.
5. Had she ignored the invitation, Mary _____.

Key:

1. If Mary hadn't changed her mind/hadn't received the invitation, she wouldn't have thought about her old schoolmates.
2. If John hadn't come up to her, she wouldn't have remembered him/wouldn't have recognized him.
3. If she hadn't danced with him, he wouldn't have asked her out.
4. If he hadn't asked her out, they wouldn't have fallen in love.
5. Had she ignored the invitation, Mary wouldn't have met her future husband.

17. Complete the text using the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Skateboarding

Skateboarding is a land alternative to surfing. It (1)_____ (develop) in California in the 1960s and (2)_____ (become) a craze in the 1970s. Skateboarding (3)_____ (enjoy) a revival since the late 1980s when teenagers started to form communities of skateboarders with their own values, beliefs and special activities such as skateboarding shows. Since then it (4)_____ (become) an extreme sport rather than a hobby, because now skateboarders (5)_____ (practice) ramp and **rail** skateboarding.

rail перила

Key: 1. was developed; 2. became; 3. has enjoyed; 4. has become; 5. practice

18. Use the word given in capitals at the end of each line to form a word that fits in the space in the same line.

Students Take Up Cash for College

The UK has one of the highest (1) drop-out rates at age 16 in the industrialised world. Education Maintenance **Allowances**, aimed at (2) poorer students from (3) school at 16, were introduced last September. Students must sign (4) and attend courses (5) to qualify.

EDUCATE

PREVENT

LEAVE

AGREE

REGULAR

allowance денежное пособие

Key: 1. education; 2. preventing; 3. leaving; 4. agreements; 5. regularly

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